STALLING SPEEDS KIAS							
1000kg 1100kg 1200kg 1310kg							
Stalling speed (V _S) Flaps UP	58	61	64	66			
Stalling speed (V _S) Flaps T/O	54	56	60	62			
Stalling speed (V _{SO}) Flaps LDG	55	57	59	60			

OPERATING SPEEDS KIAS

	940kg	1000kg	1100kg	1200kg	1280kg + above
Rotation speed	56	58	61	65	67
V ₅₀ up to 50 ft	62	65	67	70	72
Vy up to safe altitude (Flaps T/O)			72		
Cruise climb speed (Flaps UP)			88		

Max. cruising speed (VNO)	130
Never exceed speed (VNE)	172
Max. flap speed (V _{FE}) Flaps T/O	110
Max. flap speed (V _{FE}) Flaps LDG	98

	940kg	1000kg	1100kg	1200kg	1216kg	1280kg +above
Approach V _{REF} Flaps UP	71	73	78	82	82	83
Approach V _{REF} Flaps T/O	68	70	74	77	77	78
Approach V _{REF} Flaps LDG	66	68	72	76	76	77
Min. GA speed Flaps T/O				72		

	up to 1080 kg	1081-1180 kg	above 1180 kg
Maneuvering speed (V ₀)	101	108	113

	88
Best gliding	Gliding ratio 1:9,7 1,59 NM / 1000 ft
Flaps UP, windmilling prop	Without wheel fairings:
	Gliding ratio 1:9,4 1,54 NM / 1000 ft

Max demonstrated X-wind: 25 kt

MASS						
		Option "574"	Option "662"			
Max. TKOF mass	1280 kg		1310 kg			
Max ZF mass		1265 kg				
Max. LDG mass	1216 kg	1280 kg				
Empty mass	940 kg		-			
Max. baggage in FWD compartment	45 kg					
Max. baggage in AFT extension	18 kg					
Total in both	45 kg					

Available Power Check:

10 sec. power MAX, RPM 2200 - 2300 (min. 2100 below -10°C), min. load acc. table below

		OAT							
Altitudo [ft]	-35°C	-20°C	-10°C	0°C	10°C	20°C	30°C	40°C	50°C
Altitude [ft]	-31°F	-4°F	14°F	32°F	50°F	68°F	86°F	104°F	122°F
0		0.40/					95%	92%	90%
2000	94%			ļ			95%	92%	
4000				• • •			95%	92%	\backslash
6000			96	5%			95%	92%	
8000						95%	94%	91%	/
10000				94%	93%	91%	88%		

EMERGENCY + ABNORMAL CHECKLIST

For conditions to use this Emergency + Abnormal Checklist see page 1 of the Normal Checklist.

All such conditions are fully applicable also for this checklist.

G1000 WARNINGS

ENG TEMP	Pg. 6	Coolant temperature high (red range)
OIL TEMP	Pg. 6	Oil temperature high (red range)
OIL PRES	Pg. 6	Oil pressure low (red range)
GBOX TEMP	Pg. 7	Gearbox temperature high (red range)
L/R FUEL TEMP	Pg. 7	Fuel temperature high (red range)
FUEL PRESS	Pg. 7	Fuel pressure low
ALTN FAIL	Pg. 7	Alternator failed
ALTN AMPS	Pg. 8	High Current (red range)
STARTER	Pg. 8	Starter not disengaging
DOOR OPEN	Pg. 8	Unlocked doors

For other parameters "out of green range" see Abnormal Checklist

Abnormal Checklist starts at page 12

Emergency landing (engine off)	page 2
<u>Engine</u>	
Engine failure / Engine Fire in flight	page 2
Windmill engine start	page 3
Engine troubleshooting	page 4
Oscillating RPM	
RPM overspeed	page 5
RPM underspeed	
Electric System	
High current	page 9
Total electrical fail	
Smoke and Fire	
Engine fire in flight	page 2
Electric fire / smoke in flight	page 9
Fire / smoke on ground	page 10
Fire / smoke in continued TKOF	page 10
Other Emergencies	
Unintentional flight into icing	page 8
Landing with defective main gear tire	page 11
Landing with defective brakes	
Fuel transfer pump u/s	page 11
Suspicion of carbon monoxide	page 11

		ENG:	[NE FA]	LURE I	N FLIG	HT				
1 2		peed s				. 88 KIAS UP	1 2			
	<u> </u>	Depending on remaining altitude consider: RESTART (page 3) or								
	EM	ERGENCY	/ LANDIN	IG (ENGI	NE OFF)	(see √)				
	EN	1ERGEN	ICY LAI	NDING	(ENGIN	IE OFF)				
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Glid ATC Adju Eng Fuel Fuel Avio	ing speed ustable ba ine maste I transfer I pumps valve onic mast ety harne Or	d		T/	.88 KIAS .INFORM UPRIGHTOFFOFFOFFOFF	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9			
	Flaps	1000 kg	1080 kg	1160 kg	1216 kg	1280 kg				
	T/O LDG	70 69	73 72	76 74	77 76	78				
11					l .	OFF	10			
		EN	GINE F	IRE IN	FLIGH1	1				
1 2	Can	in heat		UNLA	TCH as r	OFF necessary	1 2			
3 4 5	Fuel Pow Eme Carr	er lever. ergency v ry out:	vindows.	C)PEN as r	OFF MAX necessary	3 4 5			
205	<u> </u>	EKGENC	LENDIN	IG (ENGI	INE UFF)	(see 个)				

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Page 2

WINDMILL ENGINE START

Do not consider starter assisted restart if propeller has stopped

	Max. altitude:	
	16.400 ft PA for immediate restart	
	10.000 ft PA for restart within 2 minutes	
1	Airspeed 88 KIAS	1
2	Power leverIDLE	2
3	VOTER switch CHECKED AUTO	3
4	Fuel valve CHECKED NORMAL	4
5	Alternate air AS REQUIRED	5
6	Fuel quantity CHECKED	6
7	Fuel transfer pumpAS REQUIRED	7
8	Electric masterCHECKED ON	8
9	Engine masterCHECKED ON	9
	If engine does not start:	
10	Fuel valve EMERGENCY	10
	If engine does not start:	
11	FlapsUP	11
	Carry out:	
	EMERGENCY LANDING (ENGINE OFF) (page 2)	

ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING

1	Airspeed 88 KIAS	1
2 • If	Power lever MAX	2
	and ALL of the following conditions exi indicated LOAD unchanged perceived thrust is reduced engine noise level changes or enrunning rough	
3		3
4	POWER lever slowly increase to 1975 RPM	4
	 If engine shows power loss during the POWER lever increase 	
5	POWER lever idle for 1 second	5
6		6
	stop prior to the RPM where former engine power los	SS
	was observed not increase the POWER lever past the propeller speed of 1975 RPI ting determined in step 4. An increase of engine power beyond this	
lead Wit	ds into another power loss. Th this power setting the engine can provide up to 65% at the maxi	_
-	ppeller speed of 1975 RPM Land at nearest suitable airfield	7
/	End of Checklist	/
Ot	herwise:	
3	Circuit breakers CHECK/RESETIf engine OK: continue, land ASAP End of Checkl	3 ist
4	VOTER switch SWAP between A and B● If engine OK: continue, land ASAP End of Checkl	4 ist
5	VOTER switch AUTO	5
_	• If engine OK: continue, land ASAP End of Checkl	_
6	Fuel valve EMERGENCYIf engine OK: continue, land ASAP End of Checkl	6 ict
7	Fuel valve NORMAL	7
8	Alternate air OPEN	8
9	POWER lever apply power as required	8
	If engine OK: land as soon as practicable End of Checklist	
	 If engine still not OK: be prepared for 	
	ENGINE FAILURE IN FLIGHT, land ASAP End of Checklist	

OSCILLATING RPM

1	Power lever CHANGE SETTING	1
2	If no success:VOTER switchSWAP between A and BIf no success:	2
3	VOTER switchAUTO Land at nearest suitable airfield	3
	RPM OVERSPEED	
3	Airspeed	1 2 3
5	Airspeed	4 5
	RPM still above 2300: VOTER switchSWAP between A and B	6
	 If no success: VOTER switch	7
8 9 10	If increased climb rate required: Flaps	8 9 10
	RPM UNDERSPEED	
1 2	Power lever	1 2
3 4	VOTER switchAUTO	3 4

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Diamond Flight Training

Page 5

G1000 WARNINGS

ENG TEMP

COOLANT TEMPERATURE HIGH

- Check "COOL LVL" caution message
 - ❖→ If "COOL LVL" OUT:
 - → During climb:
 - ⇒ Reduce power 10%
 - ⇒ Increase airspeed 10 KIAS
 - ⇒ If not returning to green range within 60 seconds: reduce power as far as possible and increase airspeed
 - During cruise:
 - ⇒ Reduce power
 - ⇒ Increase airspeed, if necessary descend
 - ⇒ Check coolant temperature in green range
 - If not returning to green range:
 - ⇒ land at nearest suitable airfield
 - If "COOL LVL" ON:
 - ⇒ Reduce power
 - ⇒ Expect loss of coolant fluid
 - ⇒ Be prepared for emergency landing

OIL TEMP

OIL TEMPERATURE HIGH

- Check oil pressure
 - ❖→ If too low:
 - ⇒ Reduce power
 - ⇒ Be prepared for loss of oil and engine fail; be prepared for emergency landing
 - If in green range:
 - ⇒ Reduce power
 - ⇒ Increase airspeed

OIL PRES

OIL PRESSURE LOW

- Reduce power
- Expect loss of oil
- Land at nearest suitable airfield
- Be prepared for engine fail

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Page 6

GBOX TEMP

- Reduce power
- Increase airspeed
 - If gearbox temperature still in red range:
 - ⇒ Land at nearest suitable airfield
 - ⇒ Be prepared for engine fail

L/R FUEL TEMP

FUEL TEMPERATURE HIGH

- Reduce power
- Increase airspeed
- Consider fuel transfer from AUX to MAIN tank
 - If fuel temperature **not returning** to green range:
 - ⇒ Land at nearest suitable airfield

FUEL PRESS

FUEL PRESSURE LOW

- Check fuel quantity
- Check fuel valve NORMAL
- Switch fuel pumps ON
 - If FUEL PRESS warning remains:
 - ⇒ Fuel valve to EMERGENCY
 - ⇒ Switch fuel pumps OFF
 - If FUEL PRESS warning still remains
 - ⇒ Be prepared for engine fail

ALTN FAIL

ALTERNATOR FAILED

Batteries will last for about 30 minutes

- Check circuit breakers
- ESSENTIAL BUS: ON
- Switch off unnecessary electrical equipment
- Land at nearest suitable airfield
- Be prepared for engine fail; be prepared for emergency landing

ALTN AMPS

HIGH CURRENT

Consumption of electrical power is too high

Possible reason: fault in wiring or equipment

- Switch OFF electrical equipment as necessary and possible to reduce electric load
 - If problem not cleared:

Land at nearest suitable airfield

STARTER

STARTER NOT DISENGAGING

- Power lever IDLE
- Engine master OFF
- Electric master OFF

DOOR OPEN

UNLOCKED DOORS

- Reduce airspeed
- Check canopy and rear door visually
 - If canopy and/or rear door unlocked:
 - ⇒ Airspeed below 140 KIAS
 - ⇒ Land at nearest suitable airfield

Do not try to lock the rear door in fligh

UNINTENTIONAL FLIGHT INTO ICING

HIGH CURRENT

Refer to Emergency Checklist page 8 "ALTN AMPS"

TOTAL ELECTRIC FAIL

1 2	Circuit breakers	1 2
3	Emergency switch ON	3
4	Flood light, if necessary ON	4
5	Power SET	5
	according power lever position and/or engine noise	
6	Flaps VERIFY POSITION	6
	Land at nearest suitable airfield	
	ELECTRIC FIRE / SMOKE IN FLIGHT	
1	Emergency switch ON	1
1 2	•	1 2
_	Emergency switch ON	_
2	Emergency switch ON Avionic master OFF	2
2	Emergency switch	2
2 3 4	Emergency switch ON Avionic master OFF Electric master OFF Cabin heat OFF	2 3 4
2 3 4 5	Emergency switch	2 3 4 5
2 3 4 5	Emergency switch ON Avionic master OFF Electric master OFF Cabin heat OFF Emergency window OPEN as necessary Canopy UNLATCH as necessary	2 3 4 5

FIRE / SMOKE ON GROUND

1	Power leverIDLE	1
2	Cabin heat OFF	2
3	Brakes apply –airplane to stop	3
4	Fuel valve OFF	3
5	Fuel transfer pump OFF	4
6	Engine master OFF	5
7	Fuel pumps OFF	6
8	Electric master OFF	7
	After standstill and when engine stopped:	
9	CanopyOPEN	8
	Evacuate	

FIRE / SMOKE DURING CONTINUED TKOF

1	Cabin heat OFF	1
	If possible climb to safe height and land ASAP	
	When landing assured:	
2	Fuel valve OFF	2
3	Fuel transfer pump OFF	3
4	Engine master OFF	4
5	Fuel pumps OFF	5
6	Electric master OFF	6
7	Emergency windowOPEN as necessary	7
8	Canopy UNLATCH as necessary	8
9	FlapsVerify Flap position	9

	Approach speed KIAS					
Flaps	aps 1000 kg 1080 kg 1160 kg 1216 kg 1280 k					
T/O	70	73	76	77	78	
LDG	69	72	74	76	77	

LA	NDING WITH DEFECTIVE MAIN GEAR TI	RE
1	ATC	1
	LANDING WITH DEFECTIVE BRAKES	
1 2 3 4	Preferably land on grass. After touchdown (if necessary): Fuel valve	1 2 3 4
	FUEL TRANSFER PUMP U/S	
1 2 3 4 5	Fuel valve	1 2 3 4 5
	SUSPICION OF CARBON MONOXIDE	
1 2 3 4 5	Cabin heat	1 2 3 4 5

G1000 CAUTION LIGHTS

ECU A FAIL	Page 13	Fault in ECU A
ECU B FAIL	Page 13	Fault in ECU B
FUEL LOW	Page 14	Main tank fuel qty low
VOLTS LOW	Page 14	Bus voltage too low
PITOT FAIL	Page 14	Pitot heating system failed
COOL LVL	Page 14	Engine coolant level low
PITOT HT OFF	No procedure	Pitot heating system OFF

Indications outside of green range

RPM highpa	ge 15
OIL PRESSURE high/lowpa	ge 15
OIL TEMPERATURE high/ lowpa	ge 15
UEL TEMPERATURE high/lowpa	ge 16
COOLANT TEMPERATURE high/lowpa	ge 16
GEARBOX temperature highpa	ge 16
LTERNATOR load yellow rangepa	ge 16

Other abnormal situations

Flap	failurep	age	16	6
------	----------	-----	----	---

ECU	A or B FAIL	ON GROUND	
1	Fuel pumps	OFF	2
2		check AUTO	3
3	Other ECU caution.	check OFF	4
Clearii	ng procedure:		
4		ait 5 seconds	5
5	Voter switch	AUTO	6
	 If ECU caution p 	ersists termimate flight prepara	ition
ECU	A OR B FAIL	DURING FLIGHT	
	rk: in case of ECU fail her ECU	the system automatically switch	hes to
1		OPEN	1
7		ON	2
2		CHECK/RESET if necessary	3
3	Circuit breakers	Childry NLSLI ii liecessaly	ی

- If ECU caution persists:
- ⇒ Land at nearest suitable airfield If additional engine problems are observed:
 - Go to Emergency Checklist page 4

ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING

Remark: after landing the clearing procedure for "ECU FAIL ON GROUND" may be used.

VOTER switch check AUTO



DURING FLIGHT

Go to Emergency Ckl page 4 ENGINE TROUBLESHOOTING

FUEL LOW

- Fuel transfer pump: ON
- Check fuel quantity
- Avoid uncoordinated flight
 - If light still ON:
 - ⇒ Expect fuel leak
 - ⇒ Fuel valve to EMERGENCY
 - ⇒ Fuel transfer pump OFF
 - ⇒ Be prepared for emergency landing

VOLTS LOW

BUS VOLTAGE TOO LOW

Remark: possible reason is a fault in the electrical power supply

- →On ground
 - ⇒ Terminate flight preparation
- In flight
 - ⇒ Check circuit breakers
 - ⇒ Switch off unnecessary electrical equipment
 - If light still ON:

Apply "ALTERNATOR FAIL"-emergency procedure (Emergency Checklist page 7)

PITOT FAIL

PITOT HEATING SYSTEM FAILED

- check pitot heat ON
 - If in icing conditions
 - ⇒ expect loss of airspeed indication
 - ⇒ leave area with icing conditions

COOL LVL

ENGINE COOLANT LEVEL LOW

- Monitor annunciations and instruments
- Check "Coolant temperature" procedure, page 16

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INDICATIONS OUTSIDE OF GREEN RANGE

RPM high

Yellow range is permitted for up to 5 minutes if required

- Reduce power
- Keep RPM in green range using the power lever
 - If problem not solved
 - ⇒ Go to "RPM overspeed" procedure, Emergency Checklist page 5
 - ⇒ Land at nearest suitable airfield

OIL pressure high

- ♦→On ground during warm up with low oil temperature
 - Reduce power until oil pressure green, continue warm up at reduced power
- During flight
 - Check oil temperature
 - Check coolant temperature
 - ❖→If temperatures within green range
 - ⇒ Oil pressure indication may be faulty; watch temperatures
 - If temperatures outside of green range
 - ⇒ Reduce power;
 - ⇒ Land at nearest suitable airfield, be prepared for engine fail

Oil pressure low

Refer to Emergency Checklist page 6, "OIL PRES"

Oil temperature high

Refer to Emergency Checklist page 6, "OIL TEMP"

Oil temperature low

- Increase power
- Reduce airspeed

Fuel temperature high

Refer to Emergency Checklist page 7, "L/R FUEL TEMP"

FUEL temperature low

- > Monitor fuel temperature
 - If fuel temperature decreases to red range (< -25°C):
 - \Rightarrow Increase power
 - ⇒ Reduce airspeed
 - If not returning to yellow range:
 - ⇒ Land at nearest suitable airfield

Coolant temperature high

Refer to Emergency Checklist page 6, "ENG TEMP"

Coolant temperature low

Remark: During low power descent from high altitude coolant temperature may decrease

- Check "COOL LVL" caution light
 - If ON
 - ⇒ Reduce power
 - ⇒ Expect loss of coolant fluid
 - ⇒ Be prepared for engine failure

Gearbox temperature high

Refer to Emergency Checklist page 7, "GBOX TEMP"

Alternator load yellow range

- Switch off unnecessary electrical equipment
 - If indication still outside of green range:
 - ⇒ Land at nearest suitable airfield

Flap failure

- Check flaps visually, recheck all flap switch positions
- > Approach speeds with abnormal flap setting:

	Approach speed KIAS						
Flaps 940 kg 1000 kg 1100 kg 1200 kg 1216 kg 128 + a						1280 kg + above	
T/O	68	70	74	77	77	78	
UP	71	73	78	82	82	83	